A diagnosis to remember during the COVID-19 pandemic

Um diagnóstico a lembrar durante a pandemia de COVID-19

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A 15-year-old female was observed at the Pediatric Emergency Department due to an episode of hemoptoic cough during physical activity and fever with 24 hours of evolution. She also reported myalgia, asthenia, dry cough, and thoracalgia for three days. No weight loss, night sweats, skin lesions, or adenomegaly were referred. On physical examination, scattered wheezing was detected on pulmonary auscultation. The patient tested negative for SARS-CoV-2 infection in polymerase chain reaction (PCR) testing. Plain chest radiograph documented cavitation in the right upper lobe and interstitial infiltrate in the lower third of the lungs (Figure 1), and chest CT scan confirmed the cavitation with 30 mm in diameter (Figure 2).

What is your diagnosis?

Figure 1 - Chest radiograph showing cavitation in the upper third of the right lung field

Figure 2 - Chest CT scan showing the posterior segment of the upper lobe of the right lung with central cavitation with 30mm of diameter, with a thick and slightly anfractuous wall

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The patient was hospitalized in the Pediatric Department for surveillance and treatment. A more detailed study was performed, showing acid-fast bacillus (Ziehl-Neelsen) on sputum microscopy, positive PCR and culture for *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*, positive Interferon Gamma Release Assay (IGRA), and negative anti-SARS CoV-2 immunoglobulin G (IgG) antibodies. Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg), as well as anti-hepatitis C virus (HCV) and anti-human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) antibodies were negative. Notification was carried out through the National Surveillance System (SINAVE).

Treatment consisting of isoniazid, rifampicin, pyrazinamide, and ethambutol was instituted, and apyrexia was achieved on the fifth day of hospitalization. Four episodes of hemoptoic cough, in moderate amount, without hemodynamic instability were ascertained, during hospitalization.

Significant clinical improvement was observed, and the girl was discharged on day 12 with referral to the attending physician and to a Pneumology Diagnosis Center. Contacts were tracked, including teachers, classmates, and cohabitants. Only the patient’s younger sister had positive IGRA, performing chemoprophylaxis for latent tuberculosis (TB) infection.

**DIAGNOSIS**

Pulmonary Tuberculosis

**DISCUSSION**

TB is an infectious disease caused by *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* that can be multisystemic, but mainly affects the pulmonary system. Being a slowly progressive disease, symptoms are usually discreet in the beginning and become more conspicuous with time according to the site of manifestation. In pulmonary tuberculosis, initial symptoms usually consist of cough with production of scant sputum and hemoptysis, evolving to dyspnea and chest pain as the disease progresses.

In the assessment of adolescents with suspected tuberculosis, the workup usually consists of a combination of detailed history and physical examination, as well as radiological and microbiological tests. The recommended drug therapy is a combination of isoniazid, rifampicin, pyrazinamide, and ethambutol. Many adolescents with pulmonary disease are able to transmit the condition in large scale due to the high number of social contacts, so investigating their contacts is a priority.

Early diagnosis and intervention are crucial for favorable outcomes. Improvements in the prevention and diagnosis of the condition are necessary.

**ABSTRACT**

Tuberculosis is an infectious and slowly progressive disease caused by *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*, affecting mainly the pulmonary system. Symptoms of pulmonary tuberculosis include cough with production of scanty sputum, hemoptysis, and dyspnea and chest pain in advanced stages.

When assessing adolescents with suspected tuberculosis, the workup should include a combination of detailed history and physical examination, as well as radiological and microbiological tests. The recommended drug therapy is a combination of isoniazid, rifampicin, pyrazinamide, and ethambutol.

Early diagnosis and intervention are crucial for good outcomes. This case is a reminder that improvements in prevention and diagnosis are warranted.

**Keywords:** adolescent; cavitation; hemoptoic cough; pleuritic thoracalgia; tuberculosis

**RESUMO**

A tuberculose é uma doença infeciosa de evolução lenta causada por *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* que afeta principalmente o sistema pulmonar. Os sintomas iniciais de tuberculose pulmonar geralmente incluem tosse produtiva e hemoptise, com dispneia e dor torácica em fases avançadas.

A avaliação de adolescentes com suspeita de tuberculose inclui uma combinação de história e exame físico, juntamente com exames radiológicos e microbiológicos. A terapêutica recomendada consiste numa combinação de isoniazida, rifampicina, pirazinamida e etambutol.

Um diagnóstico e intervenção precoce são cruciais para um bom prognóstico. Este caso relembrar que a prevenção e diagnóstico da condição devem ser otimizados.

**Palavras-chave:** adolescente; cavitação; toracalgia pleurítica; tosse hemoptoica; tuberculose

**AUTHORSHIP**

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